

POVRŠINA, MOMENTI I TEŽIŠTE ODSJEČKA ELIPSE

Osnove

$$(x/a)^2 + (y/b)^2 = 1$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \phi = y/x, \text{ za točku } T(x, y)$$

$$x = a \cdot \operatorname{cost}$$

$$y = b \cdot \operatorname{sint}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \phi = b \cdot \operatorname{sint} / (a \cdot \operatorname{cost})$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \phi = b/a \cdot \operatorname{tgt}$$

$$\operatorname{tgt} = a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi$$

$$\rho_1 = (x_1^2 + y_1^2)^{0.5} = ab / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi_1 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_1)^{0.5}$$

$$\rho_2 = (x_2^2 + y_2^2)^{0.5} = ab / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi_2 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_2)^{0.5}$$

$$\operatorname{cost} = 1 / (1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 t)^{0.5} = 1 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi)^{0.5}$$

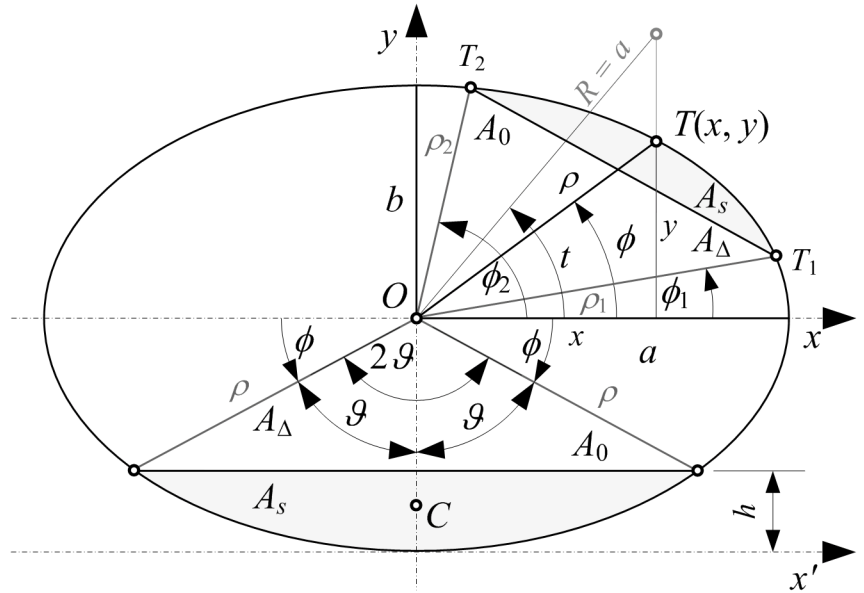
$$\operatorname{cost} = 1 / (1 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi / (b^2 \cdot \cos^2 \phi))^{0.5}$$

$$\operatorname{cost} = b \cdot \cos \phi / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi + a^2 \sin^2 \phi)^{0.5}$$

$$\operatorname{sint} = \operatorname{tgt} / (1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 t)^{0.5} = a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi)^{0.5}$$

$$\operatorname{sint} = a \cdot \sin \phi / (b \cdot \cos \phi) / (1 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi / (b^2 \cdot \cos^2 \phi))^{0.5}$$

$$\operatorname{sint} = a \cdot \sin \phi / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi + a^2 \sin^2 \phi)^{0.5}$$



Odnos između središnjeg

polarnog kuta ϕ i parametra t

$$t = \operatorname{arctg}(a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi) + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Površina odsječka elipse

$$A_S = A_0 - A_\Delta$$

(Opći Greenov teorem)

$$A_0 = 1/2 \cdot | \int_{t_1}^{t_2} (x dy - y dx) |$$

$$dx = -a \cdot \operatorname{sint} \cdot dt$$

$$dy = b \cdot \operatorname{cost} \cdot dt$$

$$A_0 = 1/2 \cdot | \int_{t_1}^{t_2} [a \cdot \operatorname{cost}(b \cdot \operatorname{cost}) \cdot dt - b \cdot \operatorname{sint}(-a \cdot \operatorname{sint}) \cdot dt] |$$

$$A_0 = ab/2 \cdot | \int_{t_1}^{t_2} (\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t) dt |$$

$$A_0 = ab/2 \cdot | t_2 - t_1 |$$

$$A_0 = ab | t_2 - t_1 | / 2$$

$$A_\Delta = \rho_1 \cdot \rho_2 \cdot \sin(\phi_2 - \phi_1) / 2$$

$$A_\Delta = 1/2 \cdot ab | 1 / (a^2 \cos^2 \phi_1 + b^2 \sin^2 \phi_1)^{0.5} - 1 / (a^2 \cos^2 \phi_2 + b^2 \sin^2 \phi_2)^{0.5} \cdot \sin(\phi_2 - \phi_1) |$$

$$A_S = ab/2 \cdot | \operatorname{arctg}(a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi_2) + k_2 \pi - \operatorname{arctg}(a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi_1) - k_1 \pi | - 1/2 \cdot | 1 / (a^2 \cos^2 \phi_1 + b^2 \sin^2 \phi_1)^{0.5} - 1 / (a^2 \cos^2 \phi_2 + b^2 \sin^2 \phi_2)^{0.5} \cdot \sin(\phi_2 - \phi_1) |$$

Momenti općeg odsječka elipse

$$M_{S,x} = M_{0,x} - M_{\Delta,x} = M_{0,x} - A_\Delta x_{\Delta,C}$$

(Opći Greenov teorem)

$$M_{0,x} = 1/3 \cdot \int_{t_1}^{t_2} y^2 \cdot (-y dx + x dy)$$

$$M_{0,x} = ab/3 \cdot \int_{t_1}^{t_2} b^2 \cdot \operatorname{sint} \cdot (\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t) dt$$

$$M_{0,x} = ab^2/3 \cdot \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \operatorname{sint} \cdot dt$$

$$M_{0,x} = -ab^2/3 \cdot (\operatorname{cost}_2 - \operatorname{cost}_1)$$

$$M_{0,x} = -ab^2/3 \cdot (1 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_1)^{0.5} - 1 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_2)^{0.5})$$

$$x_{\Delta,C} = 1/3 \cdot b \cdot (\sin(t_1) + \sin(t_2))$$

$$x_{\Delta,C} = 1/3 \cdot b \cdot (a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi_1 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_1)^{0.5} + a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi_2 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_2)^{0.5})$$

$$M_{S,y} = M_{0,y} - M_{\Delta,y} = M_{0,y} - A_\Delta x_{\Delta,C}$$

(Opći Greenov teorem)

$$M_{0,y} = 1/3 \cdot \int_{t_1}^{t_2} x^2 \cdot (x dy - y dx)$$

$$M_{0,y} = ab/3 \cdot \int_{t_1}^{t_2} a^2 \cdot \operatorname{cost} \cdot (\cos^2 t + \sin^2 t) dt$$

$$M_{0,y} = a^2 b/3 \cdot \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \operatorname{cost} \cdot dt$$

$$M_{0,y} = a^2 b/3 \cdot (\operatorname{sint}_2 - \operatorname{sint}_1)$$

$$M_{0,y} = a^2 b/3 \cdot [a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi_2 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_2)^{0.5} - a/b \cdot \operatorname{tg} \phi_1 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_1)^{0.5}]$$

$$x_{\Delta,C} = 1/3 \cdot a \cdot (\cos(t_1) + \cos(t_2))$$

$$x_{\Delta,C} = 1/3 \cdot a \cdot (1 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_1)^{0.5} + 1 / (1 + a^2/b^2 \cdot \operatorname{tg}^2 \phi_2)^{0.5})$$

$$M_{S,x} = -ab^3/3 [\cos \phi_2 / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi_2 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_2)^{0.5} - \cos \phi_1 / (b^2 \sin^2 \phi_1 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_1)^{0.5}] - ab A_\Delta / 3 [\sin \phi_1 / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi_1 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_1)^{0.5} + \sin \phi_2 / (b^2 \sin^2 \phi_2 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_2)^{0.5}]$$

$$M_{S,y} = a^3 b/3 [\sin \phi_2 / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi_2 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_2)^{0.5} - \sin \phi_1 / (b^2 \sin^2 \phi_1 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_1)^{0.5}] - ab A_\Delta / 3 [\cos \phi_1 / (b^2 \cos^2 \phi_1 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_1)^{0.5} + \cos \phi_2 / (b^2 \sin^2 \phi_2 + a^2 \sin^2 \phi_2)^{0.5}]$$

Primjer: Horizontalni odsječak elipse

Zadana je visina h tekućine u cilindričnom tanku poprečnog presjeka u obliku elipse.

Odsječak volumena u tanku ima horizontalno simetričan oblik, širine kuta: 2ϑ .

Potrebno je odrediti površinu A_S i momente odsječka M_S .

$$x_{1,2} = \mp x \quad y_{1,2} = h - b = \operatorname{konst.}$$

$$\vartheta_1 = 3/2\pi - \vartheta, \quad \vartheta_2 = 3/2\pi + \vartheta$$

$$\vartheta = \pi/2 - \phi$$

$$\phi_1 = \pi + \phi, \quad \phi_2 = 2\pi - \phi,$$

$$t_1 = \pi + t, \quad t_2 = 2\pi - t$$

$$\operatorname{tg}(\phi) = \operatorname{tg}(\pi/2 - \vartheta) = b(b-h) / [a(2bh - h^2)^{0.5}]$$

$$\operatorname{tg}(t) = (b-h) / (2bh - h^2)^{0.5}$$

$$A_S = A_0 - A_\Delta$$

$$A_\Delta = a/b(b-h)(2bh - h^2)^{0.5}$$

$$A_0 = 1/2 \cdot ab \cdot | \pi - 2 \operatorname{arctg}((b-h) / (2bh - h^2)^{0.5}) |$$

$$M_{S,y} = 0$$

$$A_S = ab/2 \cdot | \pi - 2 \operatorname{arctg}((b-h) / (2bh - h^2)^{0.5}) | - a/b \cdot (b-h) \cdot (2bh - h^2)^{0.5}$$

$$M_{S,x} = M_{0,x} - M_{\Delta,x} = 2/3 \cdot ab \cdot (A_\Delta \cdot \tan(\phi) - b^2) \cdot (b^2 \cdot \cos(\phi) - a^2 \cdot \sin(\phi))^{0.5}$$

$$M_{S,x} = 2a/(3b) \cdot (2bh - h^2)^{1.5}$$

$$M_{S,x} = 2a/(3b) \cdot (2bh - h^2)^{1.5}$$